

The Republican.

I. NAYLOR, Editor.

PLYMOUTH, IND.

Thursday Morning, Nov. 20, 1856.

FOR PRESIDENT, IN 1860.

JOHN C. FREMONT.

FREMONT FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860.

The Republican press in this and other States have already very generally placed the name of C. J. C. Fremont at the head of their papers as a candidate for President in 1860. The nomination is readily and enthusiastically responded to by the Republican press every where.

Such is the apparent unanimity of public sentiment on this subject, at present, that it is probable there will be no occasion for a national convention to nominate a Presidential candidate. In obedience to what seems to be the universal desire of the Republican party, as well as our own inclination, we cheerfully hoist the name of the gallant and noble FREMONT, as our candidate for president, in 1860, subject of course to the decision of a National Convention, should one be held.

With him as our standard bearer the cohorts of slavery can and will be vanquished, and the government, delivered from the rule of nullifiers and disunionists, slavery extensionists and Aristocrats in Democratic guise, administered as it was in the days of Washington and Jefferson. Republicans! keep the watchfires burning. Remember we have a sleepless and powerful foe to contend with; which, though once a pure and patriotic party, has become fearfully and dangerously corrupt. It once claimed Jefferson as its founder; is now led by such nullifiers and slavery extensionists as Jefferson Davis, Atchison and Stringfellow; and having grown fat and wealthy and powerful from the spoils of office, has become proud, aristocratic, overbearing, proscriptionist and intolerant toward lovers of free institutions, but can defend and apologize for the acts Missouri Border Ruffians, who were hired by the slave oligarchy to oppress free-state men and crush out freedom in Kansas. Such is the party we have to meet and battle with. It is a powerful party. To overthrow it requires a hearty union of every patriot and philanthropist in the land. Putting our trust in God, we again buckle on our armor and go forth to battle in behalf of our country.

Our subscription list, since the election, has been constantly and rapidly increasing. This we take as an indication that so far from deserting exercising a dispiriting influence upon Republicans it has only intensified their zeal, and increased their hope of future success. There is no doubt about it—Republicanism is the cause of the country; it is synonymous with morality, justice, equality and liberty; and it is the only party that is striving to perpetuate and hand down to posterity unimpeded the free institutions bequeathed us by the patriotic sages of the Revolution, and cannot, therefore, fail to command the support of philanthropists and patriots.

But, we have not time this week to dwell upon the future prospects of the Republican party. We merely wish to say now to the people of Marshall county, especially those who approve our political principles, that we intend, so far as we possess ability to make the Republican an interesting and useful paper to all classes, as well as a zealous and faithful advocate of Republicanism, and hope to continue making additions to our list until it can be counted by thousands. Those who have interested themselves in behalf of our paper have our hearty thanks.

The Republican of last week, in speaking of Mr. Devany says:

"He was a very respectable man until he denied signing the certificate, when he suddenly became very disreputable—a scamp, who could be induced, for the pitiful sum of 'eighty-five cents,' to deny his own statement."

We do not know any thing about Devany's respectability either before or after signing the certificate; but he can see from the above extract, how much his party think of him. The Republican deserves great credit for posting the public in regard to the character of Mr. Devany.

—Marshall County Democrat.

It is scarcely necessary to make any comments upon the above. Every reader of common sense will perceive that our language will not admit of the construction the editor attempts to give it. If he intends it as a confession that he is a scamp, he deserves credit for his ingenuity—we wish we could add, candor.

The editor says above that he does not know "any thing about Devany's respectability either before or after signing the certificate." In his paper of the 30th ult. he charges Mr. D. with being bribed for "eighty-five cents" to publicly deny his own public statements. Which of these statements are we to believe?

Two New Senators from Delaware.

By the death of Mr. Clayton, the Legislature just elected in Delaware will be called upon to choose two United States Senators as Mr. Bayne's term will expire on the 4th of March next.

The last mails bring startling news from the South. It seems the slave oligarchy having the power in their hands, are determined not to part with it till they secure all they want. It is, says the New York Herald of the 15th inst., the precursor of a series of disunion experiments which will now be rapidly unfolded here, and at other points as the plot thickens. The latest experiment deliberated upon is a coup d'etat for the control of Mr. Buchanan's administration or the defeat of his election; and if Jefferson Davis is not the master spirit of this notable scheme, he may be expected to profit by it to the full extent of his powers. We shall see what we shall see.

GODLEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—The December No. of this old and deservedly popular periodical is exceedingly rich both in embellishments and contents. Now is the time to renew and commence subscriptions, the next number being the first of a new volume. Single subscriptions are \$3, but we will furnish a copy of the Lady's Book and the 'Republican,' one year, for \$3 60, in advance. This will be a saving of 90 cts. to each subscriber. The postage on the Lady's Book is 36 cts a year, we believe.

CLOSE VOTING.—The whole number of names on the voting list in Pawtucket, Mass., on Tuesday 4th, was 650. Of these, 638 voted. Of the 12 who didn't vote, one was in New York, one in Pennsylvania, one in jail, one very sick, and two paired off.

COLT'S REVOLVERS.—DIFFICULTY BETWEEN BROTHERS.—The New York Evening Post says that some difficulties have sprung up between Mr. James Colt and Col. Samuel Colt, his brother, and that the former, to enforce his claims for \$750,000, has attached the property of the Colt Manufacturing Company of South Hartford, Conn., which will be decreed in a court of law. The sudden decrease of Mr. Jocelyn, the treasurer of the company, has, in the absence of the Colonel, created some impediment in the management of the company.

The British uniform in the streets of New York, and worn by British soldiers! On Wednesday, thirty-six soldiers of the British Foreign Legion, who had served in the Crimea, were landed at the Battery in New York, with their knapsacks on their backs. They were received by one of the agents of the British Consulate, who will accompany them by way of Troy, and Montreal, to the bounty lands in Canada granted them by the English Government. They are probably the only company of soldiers in real British uniform seen in the streets of New York since the Revolution.

JESSIE AT CHURCH.—The New York Sun states that there was a large attendance on Sunday evening at the Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, to hear the discourse of Mr. Beecher. Among the audience was Mrs. Fremont. She was the "observed of all observers," and after conclusion of the service many persons crowded around to enjoy the pleasure of seeing what they hoped would be the presiding deity of the White House. Mr. Beecher presented her his arm, and the multitude soon afterwards dispersed.

GREAT CONFLAGRATION AT BELLEFON-TAINE.—FORTY BUILDINGS DESTROYED.—We learn that two entire squares were destroyed by fire in that town on Saturday night last. The fire broke out about seven o'clock in the evening, and progressed rapidly for several hours, and was not effectually subdued until near daylight Monday morning. There is no fire apparatus in the place, and the only means that could be employed to check the destroyer was by tearing down buildings and conveying water in buckets.

THE DOG NOBLE.—The blow received by the dog Noble, in New York, has driven him away from the "empty hole." He is the best whipped cur we ever heard of.

The U. S. frigate Congress arrived at Naples on the 29th ult., after a year's cruising in different parts of the Mediterranean. A letter written by an officer on board, after giving a graphic view of the threatening state of affairs in that capital, says that "things have assumed so serious an aspect, that our Minister resident, Mr. Owen, has made a formal request of our Commodore that some of the ships of our squadron may remain here till the difficulties are over."

MICHIGAN.—The very latest returns from Michigan, as published in the Detroit papers, gives Fremont a majority of 21,162 in that State.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—Yesterday afternoon, a man attempted to hang himself in the State House yard, with a rope over the limb of a tree. He was discovered, and prevented from carrying out his attempt at self-destruction. The same man shot himself with a pistol some year or so ago, in the rear of the State House. He has been in the penitentiary once for attempting to shoot a clerk of court in one of the southern counties. He declares that he will put an end to his life in the State House yard. —Ind. Jour.

The above individual is John Schrader, formerly of Harrison county, who was in the penitentiary and subsequently became insane.

ITEMS.

Fillmore runs lowest of the three candidates for President in his own City, County, State, and in the Union.

Arrangements have been made for the establishment at Cincinnati of a branch of the State Bank of Ohio, with a capital of \$500,000.

The notes of the Savings Bank of Cincinnati are refused in Cincinnati and also at Indianapolis. Fraudulent issues have been detected, and the circulation of the bank exceeds the value of the securities deposited with the State Auditor.

Mr. Joseph P. Allen, of New Albany, has been elected Cashier of the Jeffersonville Branch of the new State Bank. The epidemic of crime in forgeries is raging at the East. A man in West Hartford, Conn., by the name of Case, Treasurer of a linen manufactory, has forged endorsements to the amount of \$10,000 and fled.

The Hon. W. H. Rixford, of Concord, N. H., high sheriff of Merrimack county, has been arrested for stealing melons from the garden of B. G. Davis.

A Methodist merchant in Philadelphia has made himself responsible for the regular support of one missionary, to the amount of \$750 per year.

The orange and lemon crop in Florida. It is said will be very good this season.

The New York Times has a bit of gossip which asserts that Mr. Buchanan is about to take unto himself a help-mate in the lady of the late President Polk.

The excitement of the Presidential race must have warmed his torpid bachelor blood.

Two curious cases of intermarriage have occurred in Newton county, Geo. Mr. Stephen Daniel, aged fifty six, married a daughter of N. Rogers, who was fifteen, and N. Rogers, aged sixty-two, married a daughter of Stephen Daniel, who was fourteen years of age.

Underlying the city of Steubenville, O., there is supposed to be a vein of coal, at the depth of two hundred and sixteen feet. A shaft has been sunk to the depth of one hundred and thirteen feet; and the company expect to reach the coal by the 1st of January next.

Henry F. West, Esq., Mayor of Indianapolis, died on Saturday. The City Clerk, Mr. Stevens, died about two weeks ago.

The Terre Haute Daily Journal has been discontinued. It was Democratic in politics and of course didn't pay.

Fillmore received 25 votes in Milwaukee, Wis., all told! He will get about 300 in the State, all told!

The Fremont Guard is the name of a new military company just organized in Cincinnati, composed exclusively of Germans.

The Newark (N. J.) Advertiser, alluding to the recent election in that State, says: "If the opposition had united, they would have secured the State by some three or four thousand majority."

Hundreds of persons in Kentucky are said to have been ruined by betting on the late election.

The weather for the past week has been remarkably pleasant, although cool.

Ex-President Van Buren was thrown from a carriage, on the 25th of October, and had his arm broken.

The costume of the Spanish ladies has not changed in two hundred years. They actually wear the same style of dress that their great grandmothers did.

Rev. James Jones, one of the oldest Methodist preachers in the State, died recently at Rising Sun.

The U. S. District Court, Judge Huxford presiding, commences its session at Indianapolis next Monday.

BOWEN A. DAVIS, of Crawfordville, Montgomery county, has obtained a patent for an improvement in Railroad Station indicators.

Owing to the increased arrival of Mess Pork in New York, it has declined seventy-five cents per barrel.

The Supreme Court of this State commences its regular session, at Indianapolis on Monday, the 24th of this month.

MINNESOTA.—This thriving territory held her election on the 14th of October. The Council will consist of 8 Republicans and 7 Buchanians; and the House of 19 Republicans and 18 Buchanians. Well done for Minnesota.

THE LATE ELECTION.—Notwithstanding that money was plenty, says the Albany Knickerbocker, and bad whiskey free to everybody, the election passed off rather quiet. The only quarrel worthy of the election, that we met with, was in the Colonie, between a Greek and a French Canadian, as to the birth place of Fremont; the "insisting" that he was a "Kane," and the other "a county Cork man." The matter was finally adjusted, by referring it to mutual friends, who, after mature deliberation, decided that it was a Norwegian. This decision, as might be expected, exasperated both sides so greatly, that they went to work and kicked the referees till their lives were nearly destroyed. As we said before, this was the only fight that we met with worthy of the republic and the day. Here is a falling off my countrymen.

From the Ind. Journal.

Minnesota.

Why is not Minnesota, long since a sovereign State? St. Paul, her capital, has at least 12,000 inhabitants and she has other cities and towns, which count their inhabitants by thousands. It is now generally conceded that the population of that Territory is at least 200,000; and an intelligent citizen of Minneapolis, told me some months ago, that the population of the Territory was believed then to be 260,000. If so, had she been in the Union, at the late Presidential election, she would have been the superior of seven, and peer of 3—in all 10 States of the Union, with 7 electoral votes.

But Minnesota, though blooming in womanhood, is yet habited in infant slippers, and shut up in the nursery simply because, if admitted in the Union, she would be there an indomitable Free State, with 2 Republican Senators and 5 Representatives in Congress.

Does anybody suppose that Minnesota would not long since have been a sovereign State if her population, like Florida, were mingled with Slavery? Florida has been in the Union many years—the peer of New York, in the Senate—and yet hardly population enough to entitle her to one Representative in the House.—But Florida is dedicated to Slavery.

This Buchanan administration, with its Governor, Secretary, Marshal, Judges, Post Masters, Land Officers, Indian Agents, Military, Treasury and other influences in the Territory, holds this beautiful sister of the North in servile vassalship—like some heartless guardians we have heard of—though the ward be 25 or 30 years of age—that they may still speculate upon her estate and have her labor for nothing. This may be according to the modern school of Popular Sovereignty, but it looks more like wholesale Slavery.

THE THREE WASHBURNES.—Every one of the three Washburnes is re-elected. Israel, in Maine, 5,000. Cadwalader C., in Wisconsin, by 3,000, and Elihu B., in Illinois, 11,551 majority. They are two men and their constituents could not have done better.—Chicago Tribune.

The above is all right, with the exception that C. C. Washburne's majority in this District will be about 8,000. The people seem to like the Washburnes notwithstanding the Dunn bill.—Wisconsin State Journal.

Not right yet, Journal. E. B. Washburne's majority will exceed 18,000 Illinois is still ahead, Chicago Tribune.

Township Library Circular.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, Indianapolis, Nov. 16, 1856.

To the Township Trustees: GENTLEMEN: I take this method to solicit your aid and co-operation in obtaining an item of educational information of great interest and importance, both to the Legislature and the friends of popular education. Our township libraries have been in use about a year and a half, and the extent to which the books have been read in their several localities, is a matter of common interest and curiosity.—You will confer a special favor on the Superintendent, and do the cause of education an important and valuable service, if, immediately on the perusal of this circular, you will proceed to ascertain from the librarian of your respective corporations, the number of volumes taken out of said library during the twelve consecutive months since the reception of the last third of the books, in April, 1855.

Please state in your communication the name of your civil township and county, in connection with the number of volumes drawn from the library during the aforesaid period, so that due credit may be given in the next report. The omission of either of these three items would mar the value of the result sought, and prevent the proper credit being given to the corporation. Please, also, add an expression of the estimation in which the library is held by yourselves and fellow citizens, and the general feeling relative to making the library feature a permanent element of our educational code. Let your action in the premises be prompt, and direct the communication to the "Superintendent of Public Instruction, Indianapolis, Ind." so that it may reach its destination on or before the 20th of December.

Please forward the desired expose, even if the information has been furnished your auditor, since it may not have reached him till after he has sent the circular. He has been requested to fill a return to this department. A large and valuable addition to the township libraries has been purchased and forwarded to all the counties, to be distributed to the several townships, on the basis of their population. The catalogue of books included in the said purchase will be found to embrace the standard authors in every department of literature and science. It is peculiarly rich in American history, biography, travels, and educational and ethical literature. These works will be found admirably suited, not only to cultivate, but also to gratify, a pure and elevated taste in every class of readers.

The bearing and value of such an exhibit of the workings of the library feature, are too obvious and important to escape the notice and appreciation of every friend of free schools and universal education, and, therefore, it is hoped that every one whose eye falls on this circular will interest himself in having his township properly and promptly reported. Editors of all the papers in the commonwealth are respectfully solicited to give this circular an early insertion, and a prominent position, on the second page of their respective sheets, with such editorial commendation to the notice of their patrons as they may deem the subject worthy.

Yours truly, CALVIN MILLS, Superintendent.

New York, Nov. 12.

Hon. Jas. A. King, Governor elect, addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Young Men's Fremont Union Club in this city last evening.

A determination was arrived at to continue the organization till 1860.

GEN. CASS LAID ON THE SHELF.—The success of Fremont and the election of a Republican Legislature in Michigan lays Gen. Cass upon the shelf. His term in the Senate expires on the 4th of March, and he will go out as Mr. Buchanan goes in. What a pity! If there is any man in the world who is entitled to all the honors of squatter sovereignty it is Gen. Cass. If there is any man in the United States better calculated to expound the mysteries of that doctrine in the Senate in behalf of Mr. Buchanan, we should like to see him. What will the Northern Democracy in that body do without him? Will he take the place of Cass as the Northern medium of Mr. Buchanan in the Senate? What a shame! We look back upon the whole course of General Cass during the last ten years, as between the North and South, and we are compelled to say that no man, living or dead, on either side of the Atlantic, has struggled more patriotically or ingeniously to occupy both sides of the fence. He has done almost everything that Jefferson Davis has required, and where he could not do it without giving an unpardonable offence to his constituents, he has split the difference, like a patriot, by doing. Who can tell the numbers of times he has cut and run upon a tight rope over and over again, and on Kansas bills and amendments? And all for the good of the country. This defeat of General Cass is one of the prominent landmarks of the campaign, and shows that under the iron heel of popular wrath the giants and the dwarfs of a demoralized party are liable to be crushed together.

Indiana Legislature for 1857.

SENATORS HOLDING OVER.

Owen and Greene—J. J. Alexander, Dem.

Miami and Wabash—Daniel R. Boers, Rep.

Shelby—G. W. Brown, Dem.

Wayne—Lewis Berk, Rep.

Floyd—David Crane, Rep.

Jefferson—John R. Cravens, Rep.

Tippacanoe—David H. Crouse, Rep.

Posey and Vanderburg—Cyrus K. Drew, Dem.

Parke and Vermillion—S. T. Ensey, Rep.

Knott, Daviess and Martin—John T. Freeland, Republican.

Morgan—A. S. Griggs, Rep.

Lawrence—A. J. Hostetter, Dem.

Franklin—Andrew B. McCreary, Dem.

Wells and Huntington—Chapman, Rep.

Crawford and Orange—William Mansfield, Dem.

Harrison—John Mathes, Dem.

Warren, White, &c.—James T. Parker, Rep.

Warrick, Spencer and Perry—William B. Richardson, Dem.

Adams and Allen—Samuel L. Rugg, Dem.

Switzerland and Ohio—P. S. Sign, Fill.

Darbin—Richard D. Slater, Dem.

Carroll and Clinton—James F. Salt, Rep.

Brown and Monroe—W. C. Tarkenton, Dem.

Noble, Whitley, &c.—John Weston, Rep.

Clarke—LeRoy Woods, Dem.

Republicans 13 including Sage, Democrats 12.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Bartholomew and Jennings—James E. Wilson, Democrat.

Delaware, Grant and Blackford—Walter Marsh, Republican.

Hamilton, Boone and Tipton—John Green, Republican.

Cass, Howard and Pulaski—C. D. Murray, Rep.

Vigo, Sullivan and Clay—Wm. E. McLean, Dem.

Decatur—John F. Stevens, Rep.

D-Kalb and Steuben—Alanson W. Hendry, Republican.

Gibson, Pike and Dubois—John Har-grove, Democrat.

Elkhart and Lagrange—John Thompson, Republican.

Fayette and Union—John Varyson, Republican.

Fountain—Isaac A. Rice, Republican.

Madison and Hancock—D. S. Gooding, Democrat.

Hendricks—Solomon Blair, Rep.

Henry—Isaac Kinley, R-republican.

Scott and Jackson—David McClure, Democrat.

Johnson—John Slater, Democrat.

Laporte, Porter and Lake—Morgan H. Wier, Republican.

Marion—John S. Bobbs, Republican.

(contested.)

St. Joseph, Marshall, Fulton and Stark—Hugh Miller, Democrat (contested.)

Montgomery—Lewis Wallace, Dem.

Randolph and Jay—Silas Colgrove, Republican.

Ripley—Robert W. Fisk, Democrat.

Rush—Stanley Cooper, Republican.

(contested.)

Putnam—Archibald Johnston, Dem.

Washington—Horace Helten, Dem.

Republicans 14, Democrats 11.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Adams—David Stribaker, Dem.

Allen—Perry Hargland, Democrat.

Bartholomew—Francis P. Smith, Dem.

Benton and Waite—Wm. Hawkins, Republican.

Blackford—Andrew J. Noff, Dem.

Boone—Henry M. Mirvin, and El-mond D. Herold, both Dem.

Brown—William T. Grant, Democrat.

Carroll—Bernard F. Schermerhorn, Democrat.

Cass—W. J. Cullen, Democrat.

Clarke—J. L. Wallace, Democrat.

Clay—J. W. Duncan and James W. Modisett, both Dem.

Clinton—John W. Eake, Democrat.

Crawford—John Lundis, Democrat.

Daviess—Thornton A. Slier, Dem.

Dearborn—G. W. Lane and John Lewis, both Dem.

Decatur—D. Batterton, Republican.

D-Kalb and Steuben—Steven D. Ward and Thomas B. Sloss, both Rep.

Delaware—Marcus C. Smith, Rep.

Dubois—Thos. Shouder, Democrat.

Elkhart—Milton Mercer, Republican.

Fayette—Charles M. Stone, Rep.

Floyd—M. C. Kerr, Democrat.

Fountain—E. M. McDonald, Dem.

Franklin—Spencer Wiley and Levi Ayres, both Dem.

Fulton—Alfred H. Robbins, Dem.

Gibson—C. T. Pratt, Democrat.

Grant—Thomas J. Neal, Republican.

Greene—A. Humphreys, Democrat.

Hamilton—A. H. Conner, Republican.

Hancock—T. D. Walpole, Democrat.

Harrison—Ben. P. Douglas, Dem.

Hendricks—John Davis, Republican.

Henry—William Grise and Nathan H. Rallenger, both Republican.

Howard and Tipton—M. T. Evans, Republican.

Huntington and Wells—Adam McDaniel, Democrat.

Jack-cu—Sam'l St. Clair Early, Dem.

Jasper and Pulaski—J. Reese, Dem.

Jay—Joseph J. McKinney, Dem.

Jefferson—D. C. Branham and J. W. Hutchins, both Rep.

Jennings—Smith Vawter, Republican.

Johnson—Dillard Ricketts, Democrat.

Knott—James D. Willard, Democrat.

Kosciusko—George Mon. Republican.

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